

DJE STRATEGIE II - DJE STRATEGIE GLOBAL

Flexible mix of stocks, bonds, funds and other securities



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Minimum Investment 95,000 EUR

Fund Facts

ISIN	LU0377290787
WKN	A0Q6BL
Bloomberg	DJSTIIC LX
Reuters	A0Q6BLX.DX
Asset Class	Balanced Funds - Flexible
Minimum Equity	25%
Partial Exemption of Income ¹	15%
Investment Company ²	DJE Investment S.A.
Fund Management	DJE Kapital AG
Type of Share	retention ²
Financial Year	01/01 - 31/12
Launch Date	01/08/2008
Fund Currency	EUR
Fund Size (18/04/2024)	188.91 million EUR
TER p.a. (29/12/2023) ²	0.55%

This sub-fund/fund promotes ESG features in accordance with Article 8 of the Disclosure Regulation (EU Nr. 2019/2088).³

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INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The sub-fund invests primarily in securities and in units of investment funds ("target funds"). The term "securities" includes fixed-interest bonds traded on regulated markets (including zero bonds), variable-interest bonds, convertible bonds and bonds with warrants with options on securities, and equities, equity index certificates, share basket certificates and certificates.

PERFORMANCE IN PERCENT SINCE INCEPTION (01/08/2008)

■ DJE Strategie II - DJE Strategie Global C

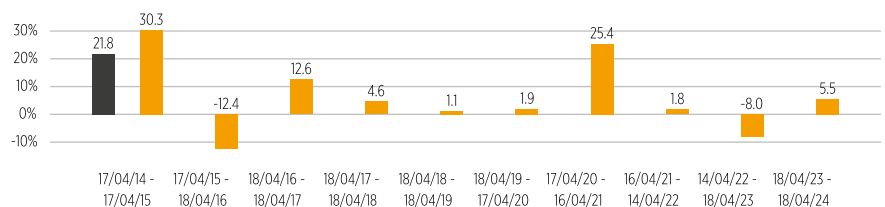


Data: Anevis Solutions GmbH, own illustration.

As at: 18/04/2024

ROLLING PERFORMANCE OVER 10 YEARS IN PERCENT

■ Fund (net) in consideration with the maximum issue surcharge of 7.00%
 ■ Fund (gross) DJE Strategie II - DJE Strategie Global C



Data: Anevis Solutions GmbH, own illustration.

As at: 18/04/2024

PERFORMANCE IN PERCENT

	MTD	YTD	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	Since Inception
Fund	-1.31%	4.63%	5.51%	-1.15%	26.36%	71.82%	96.25%
Fund p.a.	-	-	-	-0.39%	4.79%	5.56%	4.38%

Data: Anevis Solutions GmbH, own illustration.

As at: 18/04/2024

The Funds are actively managed by DJE and, where a benchmark index is indicated, without reference to it. The presented charts and tables concerning performance are based on our own calculations according to the gross performance (BVI) method² and illustrate past development. Past performance is not indicative for future returns. The BVI method takes into account all costs incurred at the fund level (e.g. management fees), the net performance and the issue fee. Additional individual costs may be incurred at the customer level (e.g. custodian fees, commission and other charges). Model calculation (net): an investor wishes to purchase shares for Euro 1,000. With a maximum issue surcharge of 7.00%, he has to spend a one-off amount of Euro 70.00 when making the purchase. In addition, there may be custodian costs that reduce performance. The custodian costs are decided by your bank's price list and service charges

¹ | The fiscal treatment depends on the personal circumstances of the respective client and can be subject of change in the future.

² | see also on (www.dje.de/DE_en/fonds/fondswissen/glossar)

³ | see also on (www.dje.de/en-de/company/about-us/Invest-sustainably/)

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Asset Allocation in Percent of Fund Volume

Funds	94.21%
Bonds	4.64%
Cash	1.14%

As at: 28/03/2024

The asset allocation may differ marginally from 100% due to the addition of rounded figures.

Top Countries in Percent of Fund Volume

Luxembourg	94.21%
Germany	2.26%
United States	0.93%
United Kingdom	0.91%
France	0.55%

As at: 28/03/2024

Fund Prices per 18/04/2024

Bid	1,962.54 EUR
Offer	2,090.11 EUR

Fees¹

Initial Charge	7.00%
Management Fee p.a.	0.40%
Custodian Fee p.a.	0.07%
Advisory Fee p.a.	0.30%

Performance Fee 5% of the increase in value of the unit value exceeding the 2%, provided that the unit value at the end of the settlement period is higher than the highest unit value at the end of the previous settlement periods [high water mark principle]. I.e. an additional remuneration [performance fee] only accrues again when the net reduction in value achieved has been fully offset. The settlement period begins on 1 January and ends on 31 December of a calendar year. Payment is made at the end of the accounting period. For further details, see the sales prospectus.

Risk Class (SRI 1-7)¹

Low Risk High Risk

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
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¹ See Key Information Document (PRIIPs KID) under <https://www.dje.de/en-de/investment-funds/productdetail/LU037290787#downloads>

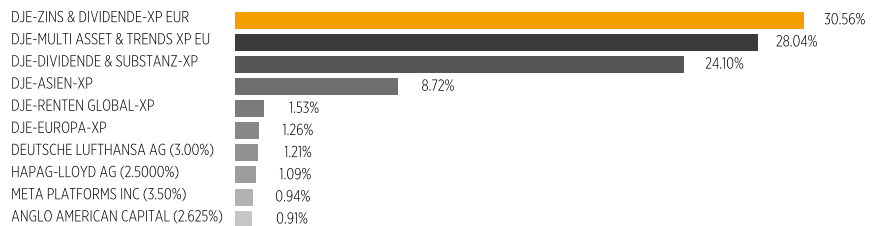
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TOP TEN SECTORS IN PERCENT OF THE EQUITY PORTFOLIO



As at: 28/03/2024

TOP TEN HOLDINGS IN PERCENT OF FUND VOLUME



When buying a fund, one acquires shares in the said fund, which invests in securities such as shares and/or in bonds, but not the securities themselves.

As at: 28/03/2024

RISK MEASURES¹

Standard Deviation (2 years)	7.57%	Maximum Drawdown (1 year)	-3.44%
Value at Risk (99% / 20 days)	-4.92%	Sharpe Ratio (2 years)	-0.43

As at: 18/04/2024

MONTHLY COMMENTARY

In March, the stock markets largely continued their bullish trend from the previous months. The German stock index DAX rose by 4.61% to a new record high. The broad European index Stoxx Europe 600 also performed well, rising by 3.65%. The US S&P 500 index also recorded growth of 3.14%. Hong Kong's Hang Seng Index, on the other hand, moved sideways with a gain of 0.18%. Overall, global equities, as measured by the MSCI World Index, rose by 3.12% - all index figures in euro terms. The rise on the stock markets in the first quarter was driven by good or improving economic data, which turned out better than widely expected. This turned fears of recession into hopes that a soft landing was still possible in the major economic regions. For example, the US economy grew by 3.1% year-on-year in the fourth quarter of 2023, contrary to expectations. The US labour market reported robust figures with continued job growth (excluding agriculture) and a stable low unemployment rate. In turn, the eurozone was able to grow by 0.1% year-on-year in the fourth quarter - also contrary to market expectations - and thus avoid a recession. The Purchasing Managers' Index for services reached 51.1 points in March, thus rising once again after February (50.2). This index is regarded as the most reliable economic barometer for the eurozone and suggests a modest economic recovery (values above 50 signal expansion). However, the index counterpart for the manufacturing sector fell to 45.7 points (previous month: 46.5), indicating that the eurozone economy is still struggling with the effects of the key interest rate hikes and the rise in electricity and energy prices. China has set itself a growth target of 5% for 2024. However, this target will be more difficult to achieve than in 2023 because the previous year, 2022, still suffered greatly from the consequences of China's zero-covid strategy. The Chinese government has therefore provided a fiscal stimulus. The increased spending is to be channelled into infrastructure measures on the one hand and strategic key areas such as "industries of the future" on the other. The aim is to reduce dependence on Western technologies. Another key factor behind the strong share performance was the boom in artificial intelligence, which on the other hand was reflected in relatively low market breadth - the US stock market was driven by just a few companies in the first quarter. Expectations of interest rate cuts, which were still very high at the beginning of the year, have since shifted to the middle of the year. Especially as consumer prices in the USA rose again in February. Inflation was 3.2% compared to the previous year; in January it was 3.1%. Accordingly, the US Federal Reserve remained cautious and intends to wait for further data. In turn, the European Central Bank signalled in March that it might cut interest rates for the first time in June. In the eurozone, inflation fell to 2.6% year-on-year in February (January: 2.8%). The shift in interest rate expectations led to different results on the bond markets. Yields on 10-year government bonds fell by 11 basis points in Germany and 5 basis points in the USA to 2.29% and 4.20% respectively. Hopes of an economic recovery benefited high-quality corporate bonds, whose yields fell in both the USA and Europe. In contrast, yields on high-yield European corporate bonds rose by 27 basis points to 7.56%. The price of gold rose by 9.08% to USD 2,229.87 per troy ounce.

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Target Group

The Fund is Suitable for Investors

- + with a medium to long-term investment horizon
- + who wish to take advantage of opportunities in both the equity and bond segments
- + who seek flexibility in portfolio design

The Fund is not Suitable for Investors

- with a short-term investment horizon
- who seek safe returns
- who are not prepared to accept increased volatility

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OPPORTUNITIES AND RISKS

Opportunities

- + The opportunities of the global equity and bond markets may be used – the fund is not restricted to one region or country
- + Experienced fund manager with an analytical approach that has been tried and tested for many years
- + Efficient mixture of equities and bonds with strategic risk diversification

Risks

- Equities may be subject to significant price falls
- Previously proven investment approach does not guarantee future investment success
- Price risks of bonds when interest rates rise
- Currency risks resulting from the portfolio's foreign investments
- Issuer country, credit and liquidity risks

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DJE Kapital AG

DJE Kapital AG is part of the DJE Group, can draw on around 50 years of experience in asset management and is today one of the leading bank-independent financial service providers in German-speaking Europe. Our investment strategy, both in equities and bonds, is based on the FMM method developed in-house: a systematic analysis which takes three views on securities and the financial markets – fundamental, monetary and market-technical. DJE follows sustainability criteria when selecting securities, takes into account selected sustainable development goals, avoids or reduces adverse sustainability impacts and is a signatory to the United Nations "Principles for Responsible Investment".

Signatory of:



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LEGAL INFORMATION

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